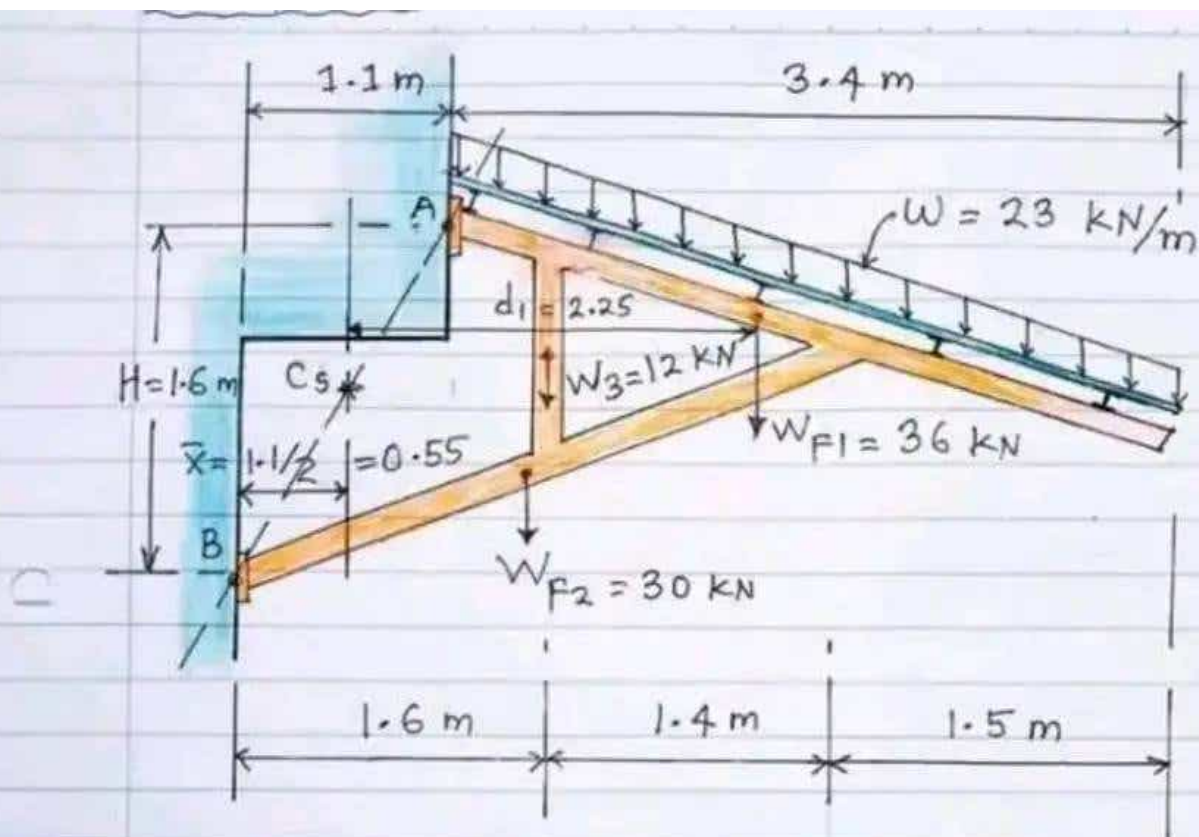


Calculation note book for cantilever roof & canopy.



@Tsonlineacademy





Calculation of $M_{ro} = \sum (W_F \times d)$

Element	W_F	d	M_{ro}
1	36	2.25	81
2	30	0.95	28.5
3	12	1.05	12.6
4	$23 \times 3.4 = 78.2$	2.25	175.95
	$\sum Q = 156.200$		$\sum M_{ro} = 298.050$

Vertical reaction :-

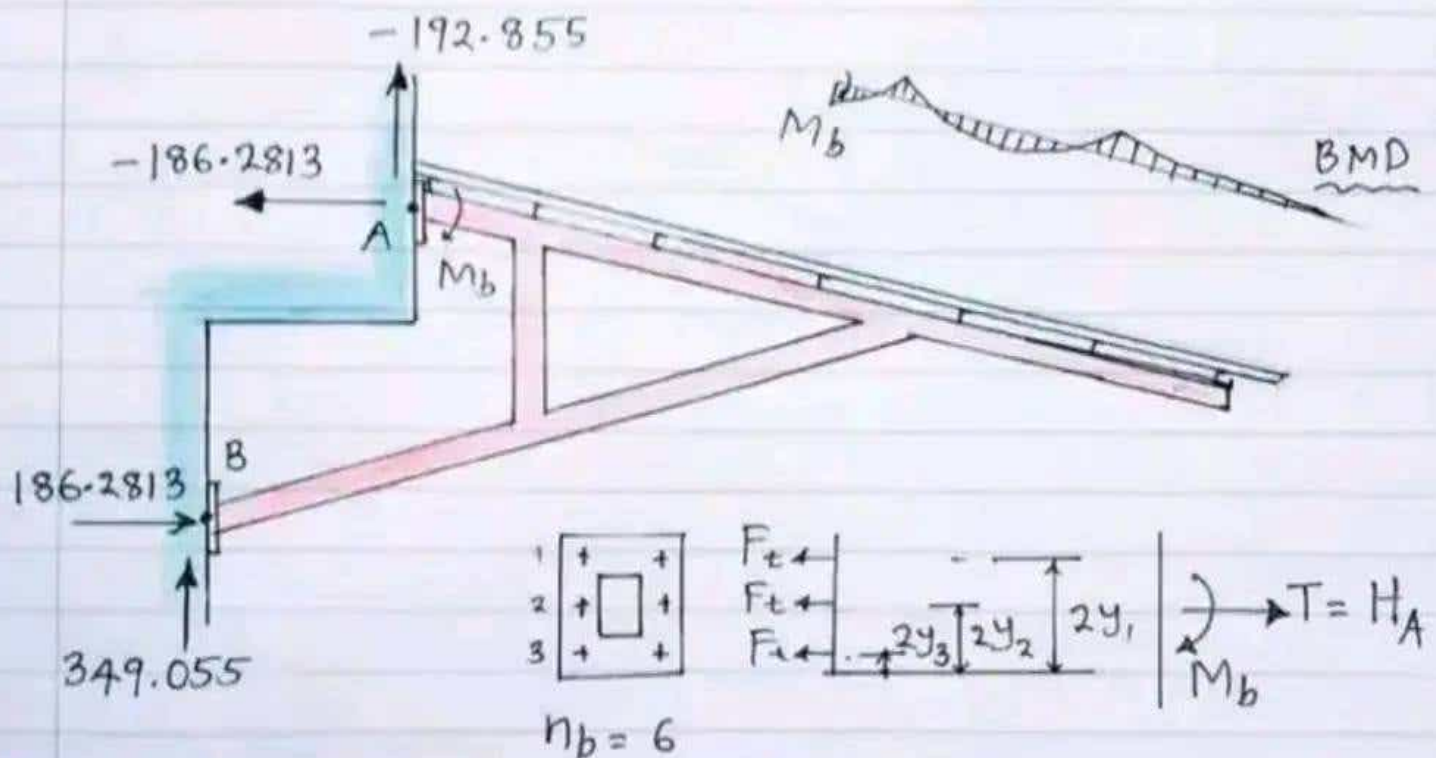
$$V_A = \frac{\sum Q}{n_s} - \frac{M_{ro}}{L_s} = \frac{156.2}{2} - \frac{298.05}{1.1} = -192.855 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_B = \frac{\sum Q}{n_s} + \frac{M_{ro}}{L_s} = \frac{156.2}{2} + \frac{298.05}{1.1} = 349.055 \text{ kN}$$

Horizontal reaction:

$$H_A = \frac{-M_{ro}}{H} = \frac{-298.05}{1.6} = -186.2813 \text{ KN}$$

$$H_B = \frac{+M_{ro}}{H} = \frac{298.05}{1.6} = 186.2813 \text{ KN}$$



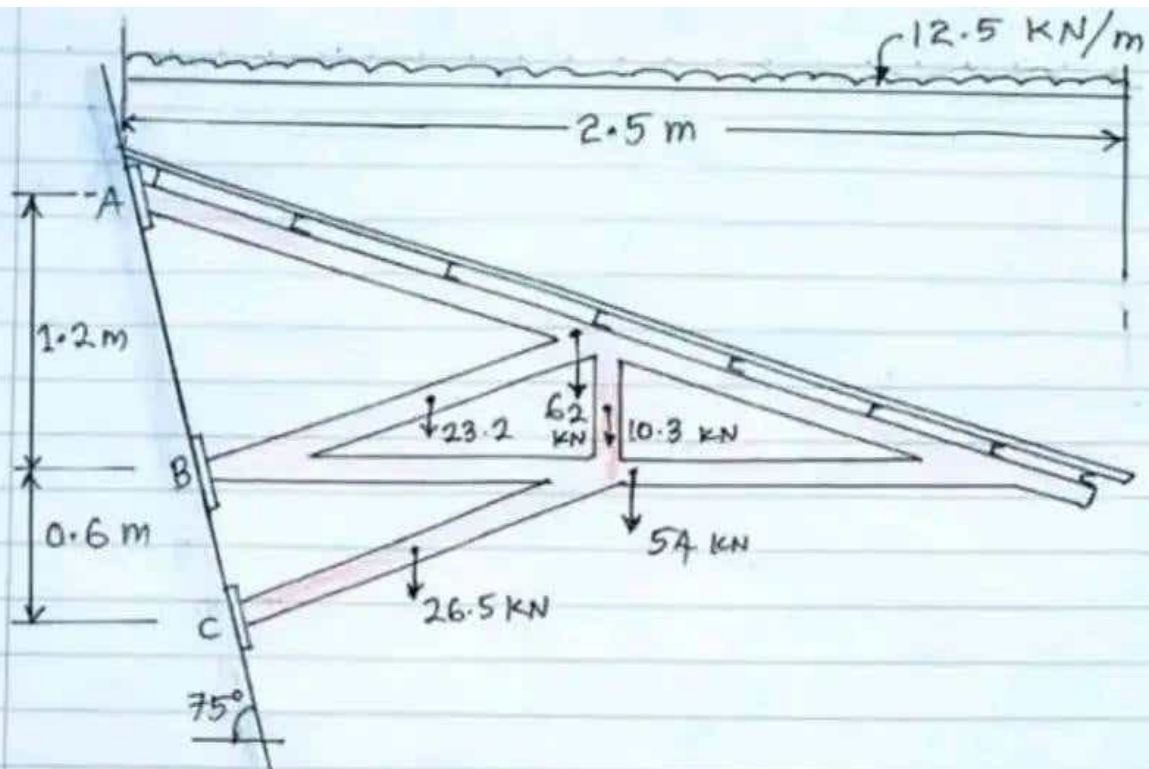
Shear to anchor bolt; $F_s = \frac{349.055}{6}$
at Support B

$$\therefore F_s = 58.18 \text{ KN/bolt.}$$

Tensile Force to anchor bolt (Support A)

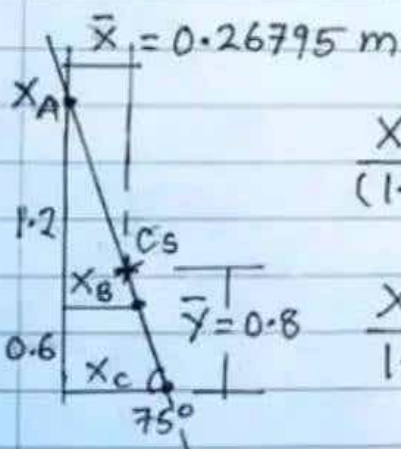
$$F_t = \frac{T}{n_b} + \frac{M_b \cdot y_b}{I_x} \dots \text{KN/bolt.}$$

$$I_x = 2y_1^2 + 2y_2^2 + 2 \cdot y_3^2$$



calculation for location of C_s point.

From below; $\bar{y} = \frac{1.8 + 0.6 + 0}{3} = 0.8 \text{ m}$



$$\frac{x_c}{(1.8)} = \tan(90^\circ - 75^\circ) \therefore x_c = 0.48231 \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{x_b}{1.2} = \frac{0.48231}{1.8} \therefore x_b = 0.321539 \text{ m}$$

Distance support to C_s -axis

$$y_A = (1.2 + 0.6) - 0.8 = 1.0 \text{ m}$$

$$y_B = 0.8 - 0.6 = 0.2 \text{ m}$$

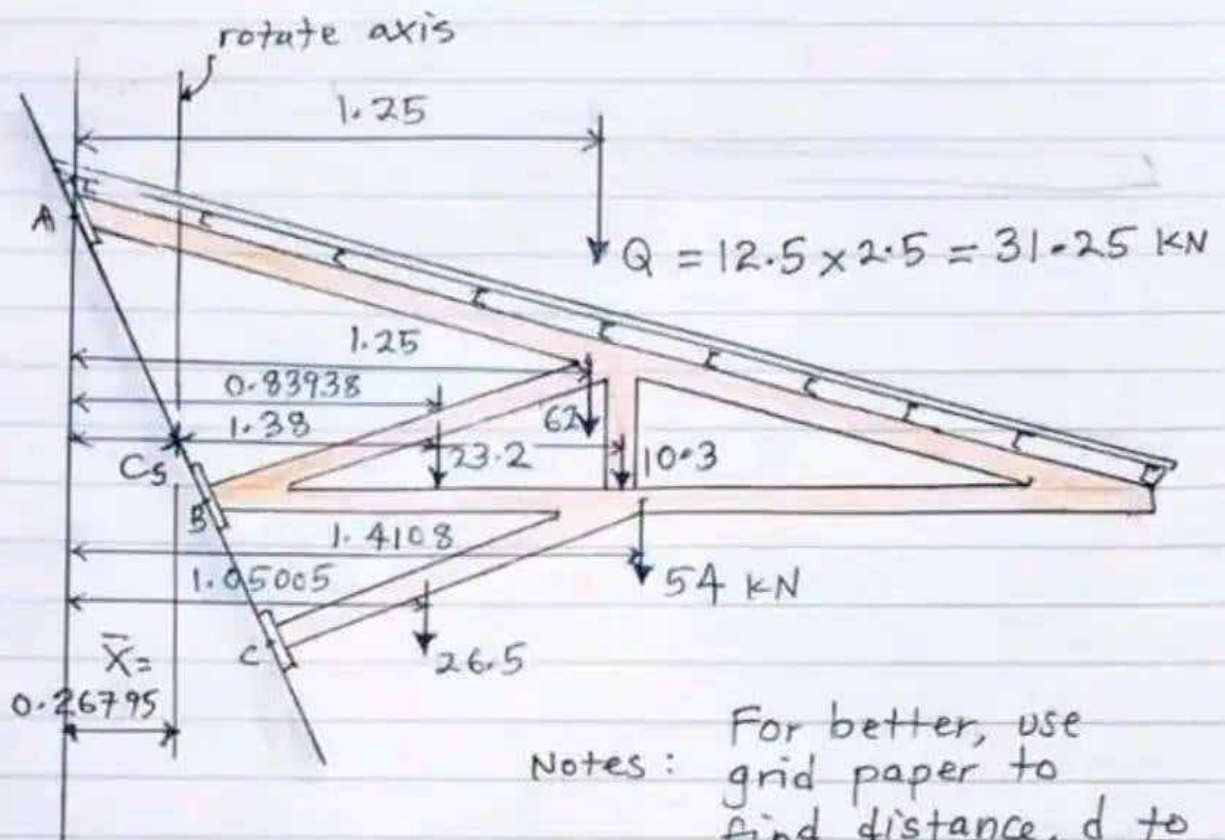
$$y_C = 0.8 - 0 = 0.8 \text{ m}$$

$$x_A = \bar{x} = 0.26795 \text{ m}$$

$$x_B = 0.321539 - 0.26795 = 0.05359 \text{ m}$$

$$x_C = 0.48231 - 0.26795 = 0.21436 \text{ m}$$

Rotation Moment, M_{ro}



Element	W	d	M_{ro}
1	31.25	0.98205	30.6891
2	62	0.98205	60.8871
3	10.3	1.11205	11.45412
4	54	1.14285	61.7139
5	26.5	0.57143	15.142895
6	23.2	0.7821	18.14472
	207.25		198.03184 KNm

Total Vertical load, $\sum Q = 207.25 \text{ kN}$

Total Moment, $M_{ro} = 198.03184 \text{ KNm}$

Reaction at support

$$\begin{aligned}\Sigma Q &= 207.25 \text{ KN} \\ M_{ro} &= 199.03184 \text{ KNm} \\ \Sigma F_H &= 0 \text{ KN}\end{aligned}$$

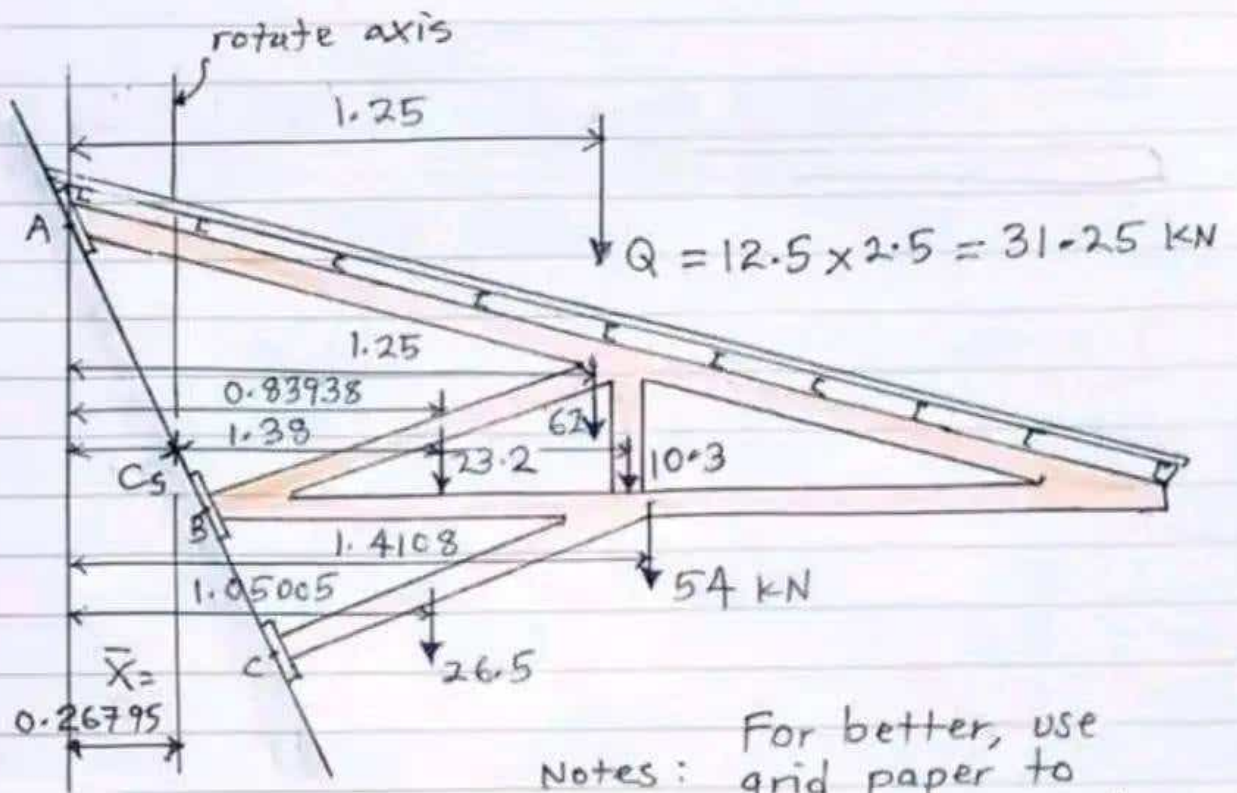
Support	x_n	x^2	y_n	y^2	V_n	H_n
A	-0.26795	0.071797	-1.0	1.0	-370.8324	-120.7511
B	+0.05359	0.0028719	+0.2	0.04	157.0665	24.1502
C	+0.21436	0.04595	+0.8	0.64	421.01590	96.6009
		$\Sigma y = 0.12062$		$\Sigma x = 1.64$	207.2500	0.00

(-) Tensile
(+) Compression

$$\text{Vertical reaction, } V_n = \frac{\Sigma Q}{n_s} \pm \frac{M_{ro} \cdot x_n}{I_y}$$

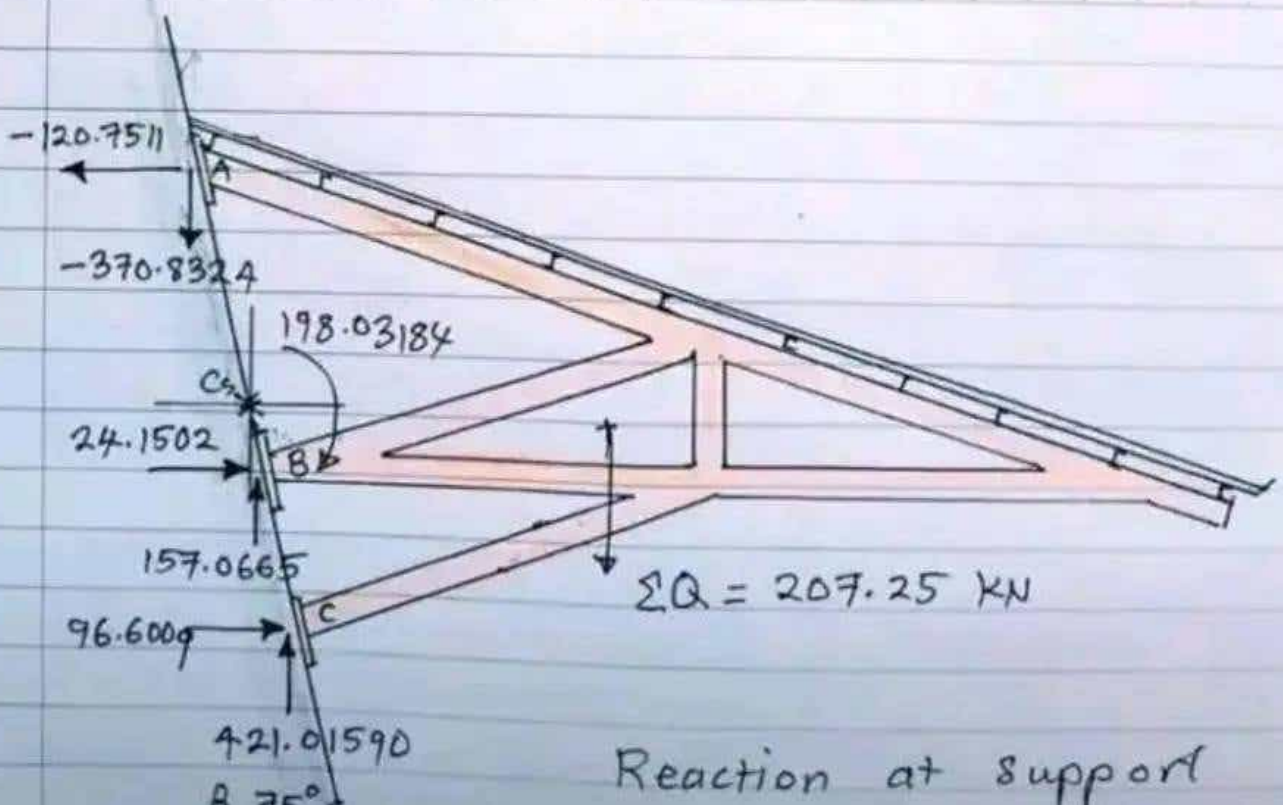
$$\text{Horizontal reaction, } H_n = \frac{\Sigma F_H}{n_s} \pm \frac{M_{ro} \cdot y_n}{I_x}$$

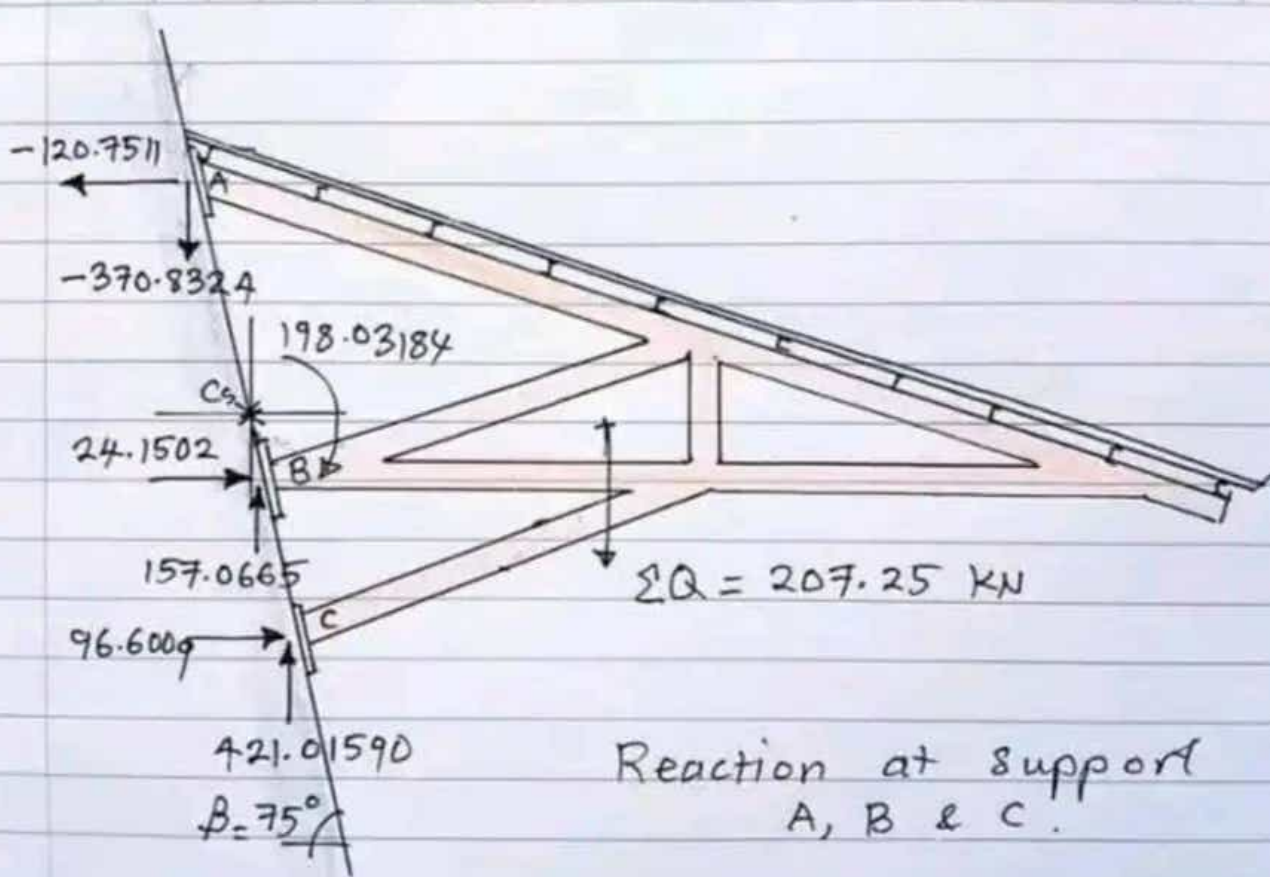
programme this table in microsoft excel.



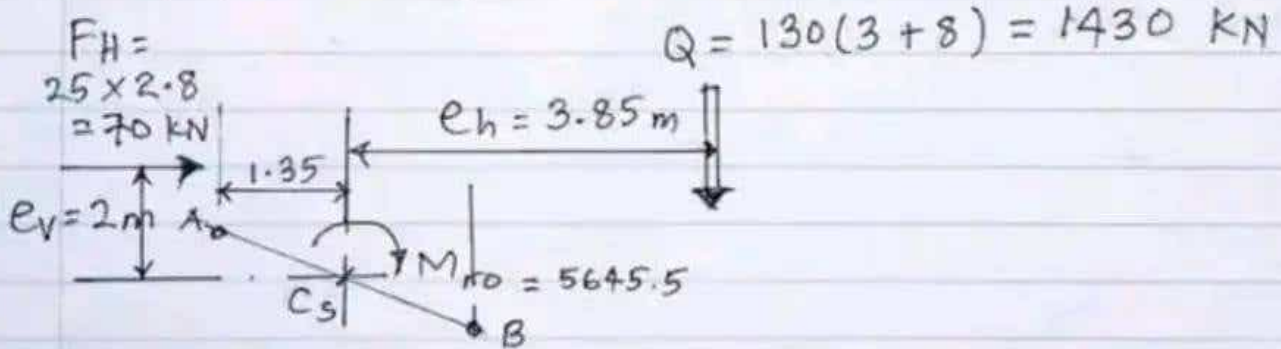
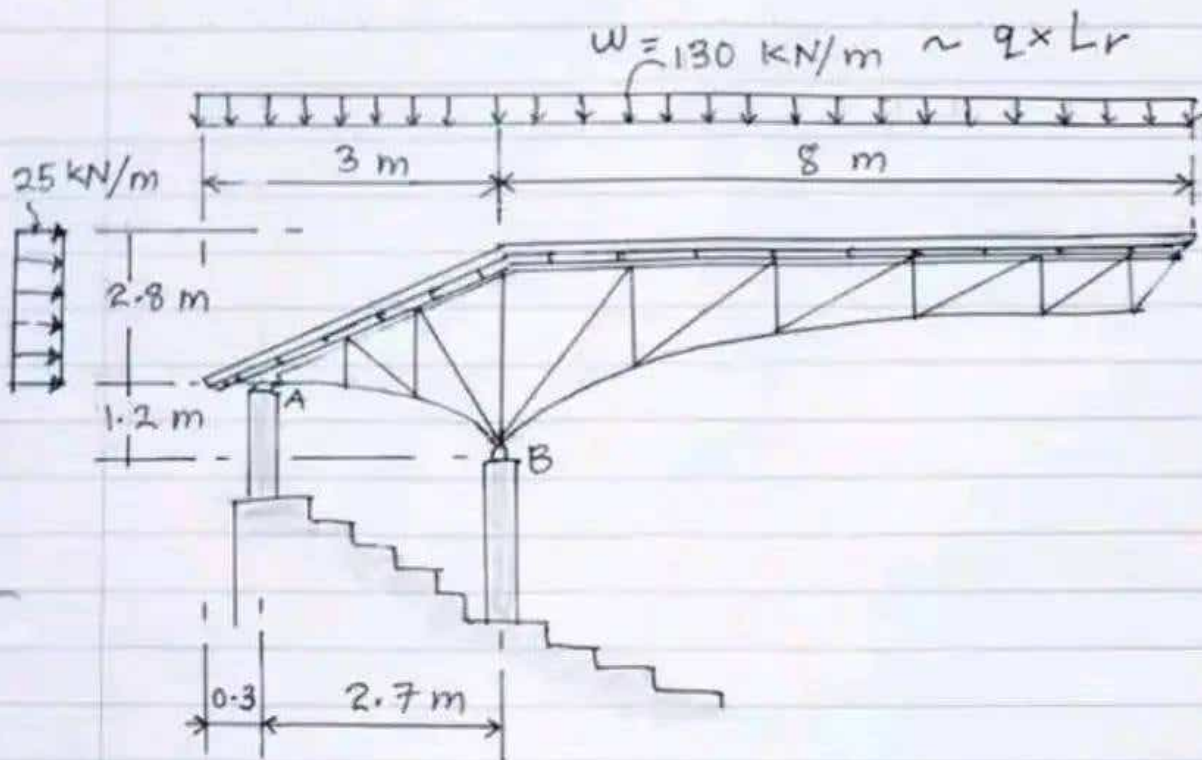
No:

Date:





Example 3



Rotation Moment; $M_{ro} = F_H \cdot e_v + Q \cdot e_h$
 $= (70 \times 2) + (1430 \times 3.85)$

$\therefore M_{ro} = 5645.5 \text{ kNm}$

Vertical reaction at column head:-

$$V_A = \frac{Q}{n_s} - \frac{M_{ro}}{L_s} = \frac{1430}{2} - \frac{5645.5}{2.7} = -1375.926 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_B = \frac{Q}{n_s} + \frac{M_{ro}}{L_s} = \frac{1430}{2} + \frac{5645.5}{2.7} = 2805.926 \text{ kN}$$

Civil Engineering WhatsApp Groups



FREE

Join Now

Join World Largest Civil Engineering WhatsApp Community

Special Offer



Quantity
Surveying Course

Quantity Surveying QS - Package

Quantity Surveying, Estimation and Costing,
Billing and Planning, Rate Analysis, Bar Bending
Schedule, Bill Of Quantity, Tendering & Contracts.

~~1875~~

₹499



Total Station - TS Land Surveying Course

Topographical Surveying, Contour Surveying,
Traverse Surveying, Layout or Stakeout, Resection
Center Line Marking, Highway & Building Survey.

~~1999~~

₹499



Bar Bending Schedule BBS- Package

Basic- Main Bar, Bendup Bar, Chair Bar, Stirrups,
Advance- BBS For (Foundation, Footing, Column,
Beam, Stairs, One Way Slab, Two Way Slab)

~~499~~

₹99



Quantity Surveying Tools or Structure Design Tools

Automatic Calculators, Excel Sheets, Formula
Based Excel Sheets, Format Sheet, Notes, Files ,
Etc.

~~999~~

₹99

Join Now

SAVE
UP TO **90%**
OFF



+91-9559621157

@Tsonlineacademy

