

1. ALP for addition of two 8 bit numbers using indirect addressing mode

```
data segment
    first db ?
    second db ?
    sum db 1 dup(0)
    data ends
code segment
    assume cs:code, ds:data
start:
    mov al,first
    mov bl,second
    add al,bl
    mov sum,al
    code ends
end start
```

2. ALP for addition of two 16 bit numbers using indirect addressing mode

```
data segment
    first dw ?
    second dw ?
    sum dw 2 dup(0)
    data ends
code segment
    assume cs:code, ds:data
start:
    mov ax,first
    mov bx,second
    add ax,bx
    mov sum,ax
    code ends
end start
```

3. ALP for subtraction of two 8 bit numbers using indirect addressing mode

```
data segment
    first db ?
    second db ?
    diff db 1 dup(0)
    data ends
code segment
    assume cs:code, ds:data
start:
    mov al,first
    mov bl,second
    sub al,bl
    mov diff,al
    code ends
end start
```

4. ALP for subtraction of two 16 bit numbers using indirect addressing mode

```
data segment
    first dw ?
    second dw ?
    diff dw 2 dup(0)
    data ends
code segment
    assume cs:code, ds:data
start:
    mov ax,first
    mov bx,second
    sub ax,bx
    mov diff,ax
    code ends
end start
```

5. ALP for multiplication of two 8 bit numbers using indirect addressing mode

```
data segment
    first db ?
    second db ?
    pro dw 2 dup(0)
    data ends
code segment
    assume cs:code,ds:data
start:
    mov al,first
    mov bl,second
    mul bl
    mov pro,ax
    code ends
end start
```

6. ALP for multiplication of two 16 bit numbers using indirect addressing mode

```
data segment
    first dw ?
    second dw ?
    pro dw 2 dup(0)
    data ends
code segment
    assume cs:code,ds:data
start:
    mov ax,first
    mov bx,second
```

```
mul bx
mov pro,ax
mov pro+2,dx
code ends
end start
```

7. ALP for addition of two 8 bit numbers with carry using indirect addressing mode

```
data segment
    first db ?
    second db ?
    sum db 2 dup(0)
    data ends
code segment
    assume cs:code,ds:data
start:
    mov al,first
    mov bl,second
    add al,bl
    mov sum,al
    mov al,00h
    adc al,00h
    mov sum+1,al
    code ends
end start
```

8. ALP for subtraction of two 16 bit numbers using indirect addressing mode

```
data segment
    first db ?
    second db ?
    diff db 2 dup(0)
    data ends
code segment
    assume cs:code, ds:data
start:
    mov al,first
    mov bl,second
    sub al,bl
    mov diff,al
    mov al,00h
    sbb al,00h
    mov diff+1,al
    code ends
end start
```

9. ALP for finding the factorial of an given 8 bit number using indirect addressing mode

```
data segment
    first db ?
    sum dw 1 dup(0)
    data ends
code segment
    assume cs:code,ds:data
start:
    mov cl,first
    mov al,01H
l:
    mul cx
    dec cl
    JNZ l
    mov sum,ax
    code ends
end start
```

10. ALP for finding the 1's complement of an given 8 bit number using indirect addressing mode

```
data segment
    number db ?
    compliment db 1 dup(0)
    data ends
code segment
    assume cs:code,ds:data
start:
    mov ah,number
    xor ah,0ffh
    mov compliment, ah
    code ends
end start
```

11. ALP for finding the 2's complement of an given 8 bit number using indirect addressing mode

```
data segment
    number db ?
    compliment db 1 dup(0)
    data ends
code segment
    assume cs:code,ds:data
start:
    mov ah,number
    xor ah,0ffh
    add ah,01h
```

```
    mov compliment, ah  
    code ends  
    end start
```

12. ALP for finding the sum of squares of given 8 bit number using indirect addressing mode

```
data segment  
    first dw ?  
    sum dw 2 dup(0)  
    data ends  
code segment  
    assume cs:code,ds:data  
start:  
    mov bx,0000  
    mov cx,first  
    mov si,0010h  
l:  
    mov ax,cx  
    mul cx  
    add bx,ax  
    dec cx  
    JNZ l  
    mov [si],bx  
    mov [si+2],dx  
    code ends  
    end start
```

13. ALP for finding the sum of cubes of given 8 bit number using indirect addressing mode

```
data segment  
    first dw ?  
    sum dw 2 dup(0)  
    data ends  
code segment  
    assume cs:code,ds:data  
start:  
    mov bx,0000  
    mov cx,first  
    mov si,0010h  
l:  
    mov ax,cx  
    mul cx  
    mul cx  
    add bx,ax  
    dec cx  
    JNZ l
```

```
mov [si],bx  
mov [si+2],dx  
code ends  
end start
```

14. ALP for finding division of given 8 bit number using indirect addressing mode

```
data segment  
    first db ?  
    second db ?  
    quotient db 1 dup(0)  
    remainder db 1 dup(0)  
    data ends  
code segment  
    assume cs:code, ds:data  
start:  
    mov al,first  
    mov bl,second  
    div bl  
    mov quotient,al  
    mov remainder,ah  
    code ends  
    end start
```

15. ALP for division of given 16 bit number with 8 bit number using indirect addressing mode

```
data segment  
    first dw ?  
    second db ?  
    quotient db 1 dup(0)  
    remainder db 1 dup(0)  
    data ends  
code segment  
    assume cs:code, ds:data  
start:  
    mov ax,first  
    mov cl,second  
    div cl  
    mov quotient,al  
    mov remainder,ah  
    code ends  
    end start
```

16. ALP for arithmetic mean of 8-bit number using indirect addressing mode

```
data segment
    first dw ?
    mean dw 1 dup(0)
    data ends
code segment
    assume cs:code,ds:data
start:
    mov ax,0000h
    mov cx,first
    mov bx,first
up:
    add ax,cx
    dec cl
    jnz up
    div bx
    mov mean,ax
    code ends
end start
```

17. ALP for finding Fibonacci series using direct addressing mode

```
code segment
    assume cs:code
start:
    mov si,0000h
    mov cx,0005h
    mov ax,0001h
    mov bx,0000h
l:
    add ax,bx
    mov [si],bx
    mov bx,ax
    mov ax,[si]
    inc si
    dec cx
    jnz l
    code ends
end start
```

18. ALP for swapping of two 16bit numbers using indirect addressing mode

```
data segment
    first dw ?
    second dw ?
    swapp dw 2 dup(0)
    data ends
code segment
    assume cs:code,ds:data
start:
    mov ax,first
    mov bx,second
    xchg ax,bx
    mov swapp,ax
    mov swapp+2,bx
    code ends
end start
```

19. ALP for fabonacci series using indirect addressing mode

```
data segment
    first db ?
    data ends
code segment
    assume cs:code,ds:data
start:
    mov si,0001h
    mov cl,first
    mov al,01h
    mov bl,00h
l:
    add al,bl
    mov [si],bl
    mov bl,al
    mov al,[si]
    inc si
    dec cl
    jnz l
    code ends
end start
```

20. ALP for finding largest number using indirect addressing mode

```
data segment
    count db ?
    data ends
code segment
    assume cs:code,ds:data
start:
    mov cl,count
    mov si,0001h
    mov al,[si]
    dec cl
l2: inc si
    cmp al,[si]
    jnb l1
    mov al,[si]
l1: loop l2
    inc si
    mov [si],al
code ends
end start
```

21. ALP for finding largest number using indirect addressing mode

```
data segment
    count db ?
    data ends
code segment
    assume cs:code,ds:data
start:
    mov bx,0000h
    mov dx,0000h
    mov cl,count
    mov si,0001h
l3: mov al,[si]
    ror al,01h
    jc l1
    inc bl
    jmp l2
l1: inc dl
l2: inc si
    dec cl
    jnz l3
    mov [si],bl
    mov [si+1],dl
code ends
end start
```

22. ALP for a block of data using indirect addressing mode

```
data segment
    data ends
code segment
    assume cs:code,ds:data
start:
    mov si,0000h
    mov di,0010h
    mov cl,04
    l: mov al,[si]
        mov [di],al
        inc si
        inc di
        dec cx
        jnz l
    code ends
end start
```

23. ALP for converting BCD number Hexadecimal using indirect addressing mode

```
data segment
    number db ?
    res dw 1 dup(0)
    data ends
code segment
    assume cs:code,ds:data
start:
    mov al,number
    and al,0fh
    mov ah,number
    rol ah,04h
    and ah,0fh
    aad
    mov res,ax
    code ends
end start
```

24. ALP to arrange the given numbers in an ascending order

```
data segment
    array db 5 dup(0)
    data ends
code segment
    assume cs:code,ds:data
start:
    mov cl,05h
L1: mov si, 0000h
    mov bl,cl
    dec bl
L2: mov al,array[si]
    inc si
    cmp al,array[si]
    jb L3
    xchg al,array[si]
    mov array[si-1],al
L3: dec bl
    cmp bl,0000h
    jne L2
    loop L1
code ends
end start
```

25. ALP to arrange the given numbers in an descending order

```
data segment
    array db 5 dup(0)
    data ends
code segment
    assume cs:code,ds:data
start:
    mov cl,05h
L1: mov si,0000h
    mov bl,cl
    dec bl
L2: mov al,array[si]
    inc si
    cmp al,array[si]
    ja L3
    xchg al,array[si]
    mov array[si-1],al
L3: dec bl
    cmp bl,0000h
    jne L2
    loop L1
code ends
end start
```

26. ALP to convert Packed BCD numbers to ASCII

```
data segment
    number db ?
    result db 2 dup(0)
    data ends
code segment
    assume cs:code, ds:data
start:
    mov al, number
    rol al,04h
    and al,0fh
    or al,30h
    mov result,al
    mov al,number
    and al,0fh
    or al,30h
    mov result+1,al
    code ends
end start
```

27. ALP to convert Packed BCD numbers to unpacked BCD numbers

```
data segment
    number db ?
    result db 1 dup(0)
    data ends
code segment
    assume cs:code,ds:data
start:
    mov al,number
    rol al,04h
    and al,0fh
    mov result,al
    mov al,number
    and al,0fh
    mov result+1,al
    code ends
end start
```

27. ALP for counting number of positive and negative numbers

```
data segment
    count db ?
    pos db 1 dup(0)
    neg db 1 dup(0)
    data ends
code segment
    assume cs:code,ds:data
start:
    mov bl,00h
    mov dl,00h
    mov cl,count
    mov si,0001h
l3:mov al,[si]
    rol al,01h
    jc l1
    inc bl
    jmp l2
l1:inc dl
l2: inc si
    dec cl
    jnz l3
    mov pos,bl
    mov neg,dl
code ends
end start
```